

Understanding “Policy” For Network Security: Wireless Challenges

A close-up, blue-tinted image of a magnifying glass, positioned on the left side of the slide. The lens is the central focus, reflecting light and showing a blurred background. The handle of the magnifying glass is visible at the bottom left.

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Agenda

- **Current environment**
- **Common problems**
- **Application and network security**
- **The need for change**
- **The wireless phenomenon and security effects**

Current Environment

- **Where is the perimeter??**
- **ICC survey of wireless networks in London:**
 - 90% are exposed
 - Misconfiguration, default setting, weak or lack of encryption
 - Vulnerable to drive by access
- **Rogue networks and access points set up by employees**
- **PDAs and other handhelds have less power and facility and thus cannot handle PC based security solutions**
 - Eavesdropping and authenticating
 - Short range impersonation

The State of the IT Security Industry

- **Success of the internet?**
 - We've been building the Internet for 25 years
 - Business & Government constantly use the Internet to improve efficiency:
 - To succeed in business today requires connectivity to customers, partners, and employees.
 - Hundreds of companies will put you on the net
 - Thousands of consultants will secure your net
 - Spending on security doubles every year
 - Losses and breaches increase every year
 - Loss due to security issues last year: \$1.38 trillion (more than the GNP of France)*
- *We've got a problem*



The State of the IT Security Industry

- **Why do we have a problem?**
 - Business connectivity requirements have pushed technology beyond its limits:
 - Too many users
 - Too many machines
 - Too many security 'solutions'
 - New uses come fast
 - Exploits come faster than patches
 - Great lack of expertise

- **To cope with this complexity**
 - technology is deployed to protect the network perimeter defending against known exploits, not the assets

Application or Network Security

- Securing the application does not secure the data
- Can we use the same infrastructure to secure both the applications and the network
- Can the infrastructure extend to different types of clients
- A single framework for security is likely to produce the best results

The Need For Change

- **Current Security Environment**
 - Concentrated at the Perimeter
 - Lots of Bad Guys, poor enforcement
 - Separate application and network security infrastructure
 - Hard to scale & manage
 - Checking for known signatures and viruses
 - Infinite number of unknown signatures & viruses
 - Vulnerability-based, not capability-based
 - Detects an attack, not a compromise
 - Security Product vendor is in control
 - Too much data and disconnected logs to analyze
 - Separate solutions for different problems that may have the same cause

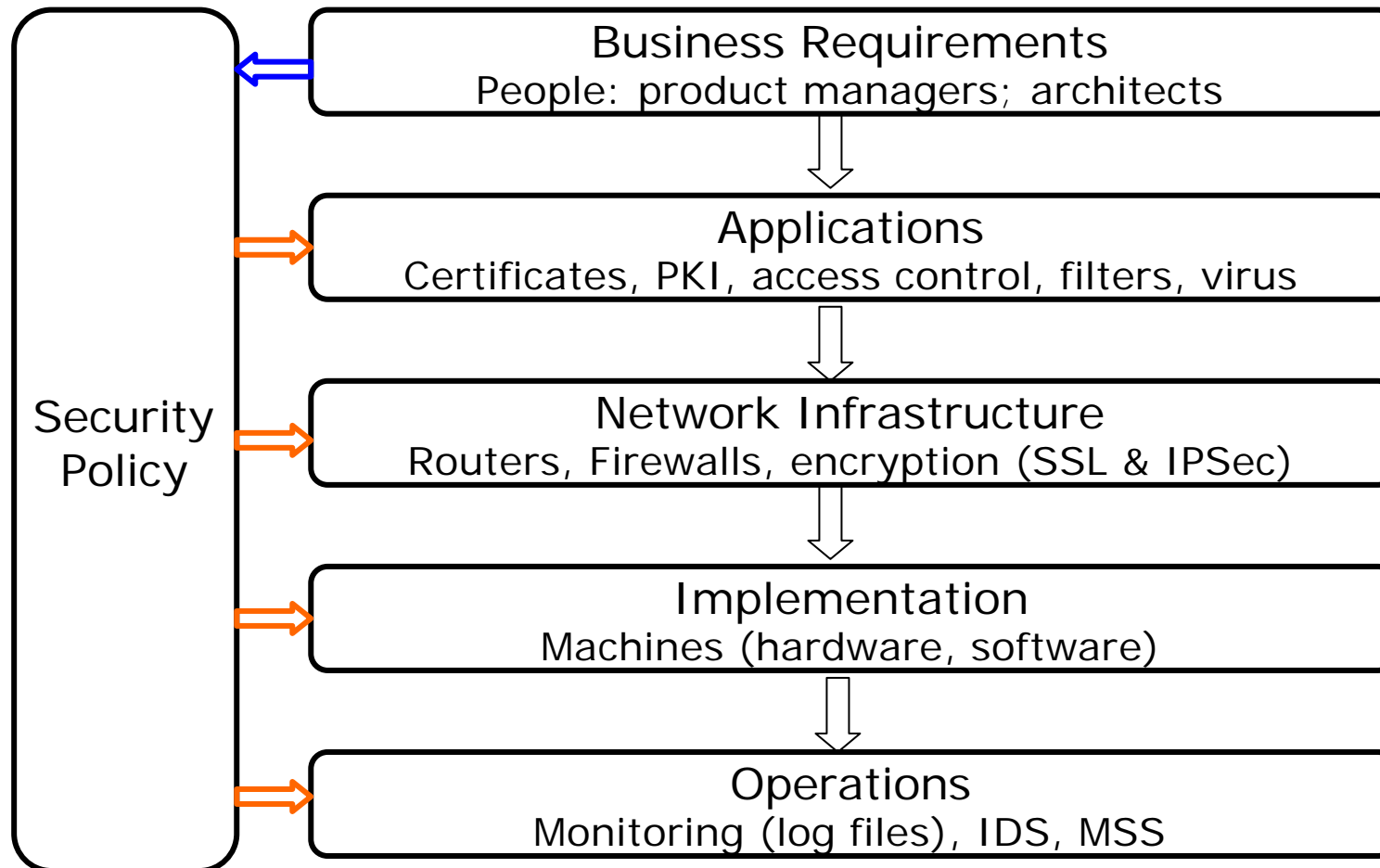
A New Direction

- **Operate networks like businesses – empower the network to understand the traffic and defend itself**
 - Capture the *business rules* that define how the network needs to work.
 - “Network security policy”
 - Compare the *actual operation* of the network with the *policy*.
 - Make correct business decisions based on actual vs. expected behavior.

Traditional Network Security Services

- **Analyze logs and other data from network devices**
 - How to identify rogue behavior
- **Investigate as many host machines and network devices as possible**
- **Conduct vulnerability assessments regularly**
- **All these are important – but where do the business-specific issues get handled**

The Policy-Empowered Network



The Technical Breakthrough

- Automation of the policy development process (from a business point of view, at all protocol layers)
- Derive policy automatically from configuration information that I know already
 - e.g., ‘What is this server supposed to do?’
- The policy is a *live document* on my computer:
 - I can query it to find out what my assets are
 - I can compare the network against it to find out if the network and the policy agree.
- Now I can see my network traffic in a way that is meaningful to my network and my business

Contrasting Industry Approaches

Better Approach

- At the assets
- Unified app and network
- Focus on the right things that should happen
- Policy scales easily
- Looking for Acceptable behavior (finite problem)
 - *All other* behavior is a automatically violation of the policy
- Highlight when an asset is compromised
- 24x7 audited
- Customer is in control

Traditional

- At the Perimeter
- Separate app and network
- Focus on bad things that can happen.
- Hard to scale & manage
- Looking for known signatures and viruses
 - *Infinite* number of unknown signatures & viruses
- Detects an attack, not a compromise
- Periodically audited
- Security Product vendor is in control

The Wireless Revolution and Security

- The scale of the invasion of the wireless device
- Effects on the infrastructure
- Effects on the consumer
- Effects on the society, businesses, government
- International issues
- Increases the need for better security measures
- Complicates all aspects of the infrastructure security

The Wireless Device and the Critical Infrastructure

- Number of devices, applications and connections will make the security issue grow exponentially
- New medium for connecting devices to the Internet introduce new vulnerabilities
- The level of the security of the infrastructure depends on the number of possible connections between people, devices, computers, ...
- New interactions between machines also introduce new vulnerabilities
- The technical limitations of wireless devices limits possible security functionality and could drive the industry to overlook important issues

Issues with Consumers

- Consumer trust in the establishment!
- Convenience always wins – the industry should make the trust work
- Privacy issues are harder to track with higher connectivity

Changes to the Society

- Expectation of everyone to get things faster without affecting the trust!
- Privacy issues with more available data
- Difficult to understand the complex issues with who owns the data and where is it?

Businesses are Affected Too

- Individuals having access to critical information outside the “traditional boundaries”
- Extending the security perimeter to many more devices with limited capabilities
- Confidential information, intellectual property issues
- Changes the magnitude of a “hack”

- Good and bad news!!!
 - Locations easier to determine, more connectivity
- Need more technologies to “filter and understand” the ever-expanding amount of information
- Peer-to-peer issues!

International Issues

- Wireless devices greatly enhances the capability of communicating beyond country borders
- An order of magnitude harder than the Internet wave in terms of complexity of management

Summary

- **Network and application security management must change**
 - Need to control IP addresses
- **Security risk must be managed based on the business requirements through a specific policy**
 - **SV enables you to explicitly define what machines should be accessing the network and what those machines should be doing**
 - Helps you deal with unauthorized access and incorrect use of information assets
- **Improved security management measures are needed today**
 - Tight control of configuration and management
 - Visibility of all traffic behavior

Contact Information

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