

### **TOGAF™ 9 Capability Framework**

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### **Document Control**

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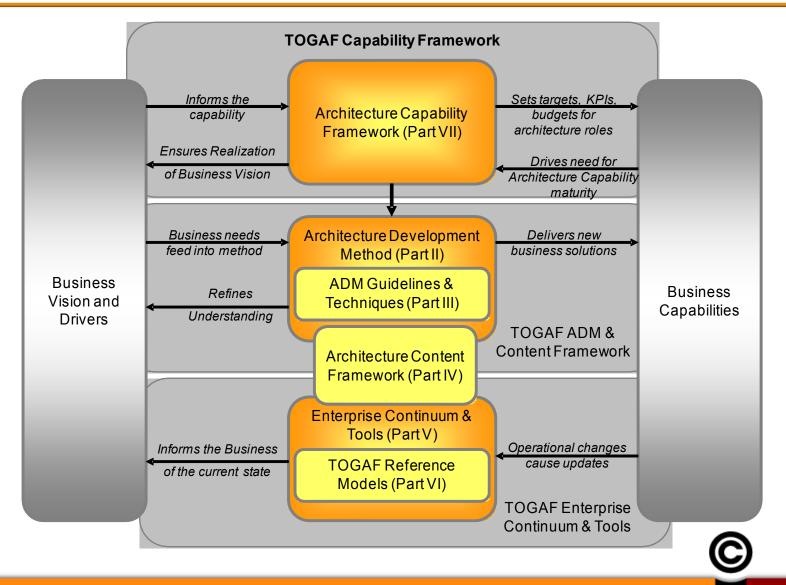
### leading enterprise architecture value<sup>™</sup>

**Key Focus Areas** 

- Enterprise Architecture
- Strategy
- ➢ Governance



### **TOGAF 9 - Context**

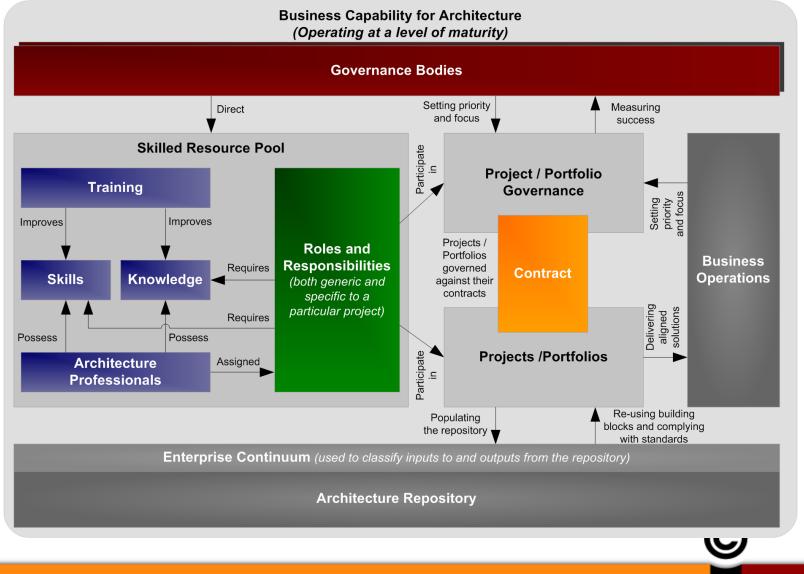


### Purpose

- □ Introduce TOGAF 9 Capability Framework
- Understand purpose of a capability
- Overview on how to establish an EA capability using the ADM
- Practical examples



## **Capability Framework**



# Capability

### A capability means having all the desired qualities to do something, available when required for the full duration required.

A capability is therefore:

□not a project

Dongoing

sustainable

□business-appropriate



# **Real IRM Approach**

Real IRM implements capabilities within organisations based on the following principles:

Directed by architectural principles

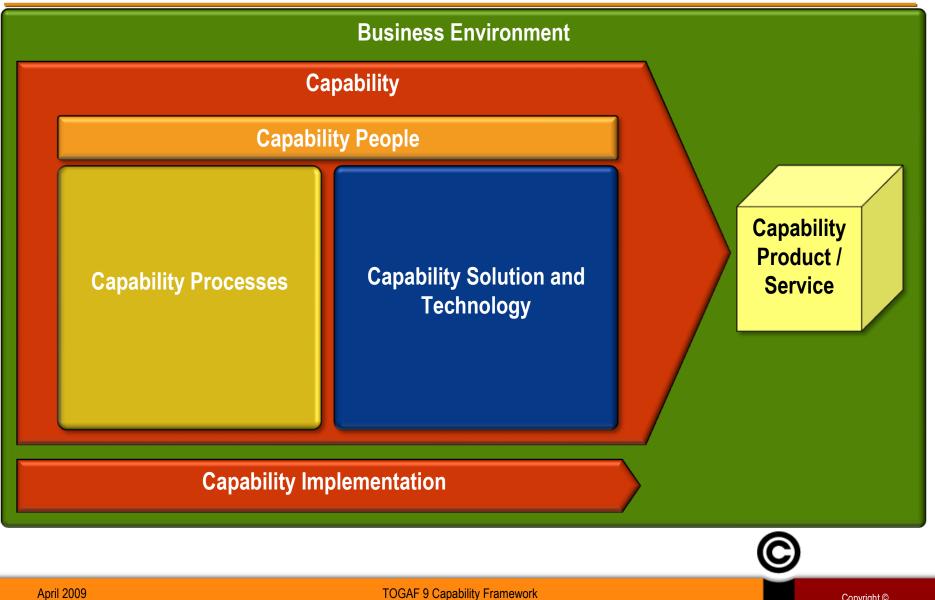
□Informed by industry best practices, frameworks and standards

Enabled through a well-defined and managed architecture

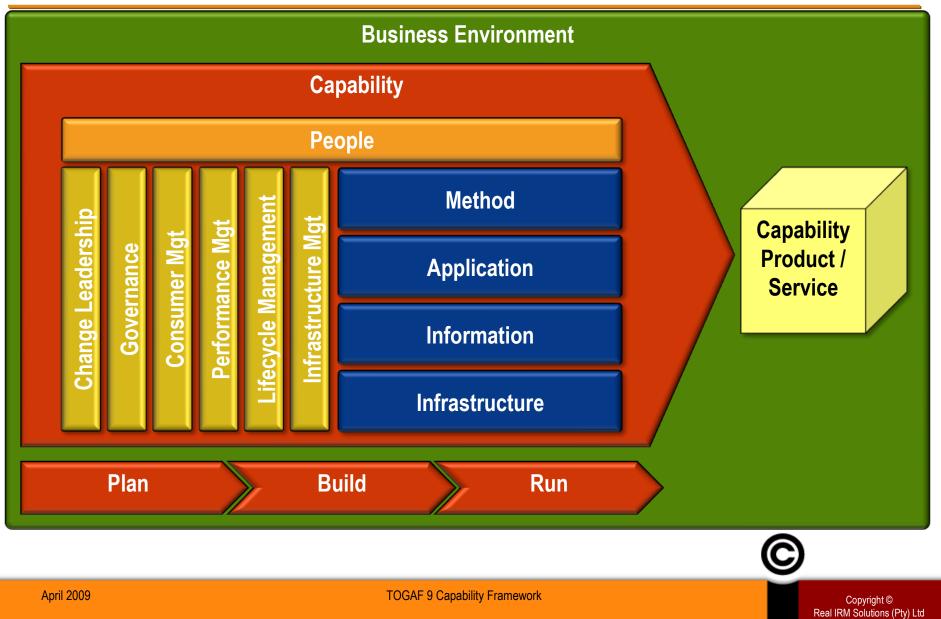
- □Transferred into a sustainable practice
- Empowered through knowledge transfer
- Guided by business requirements



## **Capability Framework**



## **Capability Framework**



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### **Use the ADM to define Architecture Capability**



Go through each phase with the requirement to establish an Architecture Capability based on TOGAF.

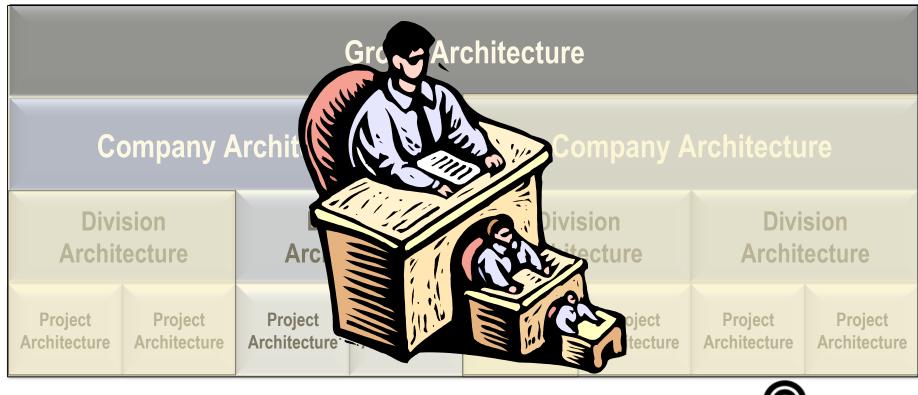


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### **Architecture Scope**



What is the breadth of the overall architecture effort?





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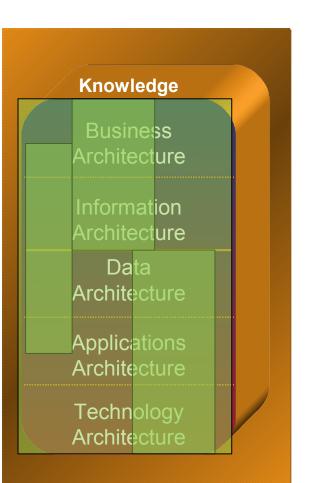
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### **TOGAF 9 Capability Framework**

**Architecture Scope** 

What is the scope of the overall architecture effort?

- □Align business and IT
- Application integration
- □Information flow
- Technology deployment
- □IT strategy
- □Etc.





### **Architecture Stakeholders**



Who are the architecture stakeholders?

Executive Management

□IT Management

Business analysts

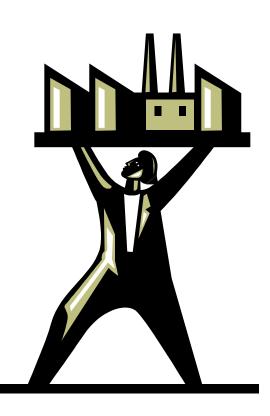
Trainers

Business managers

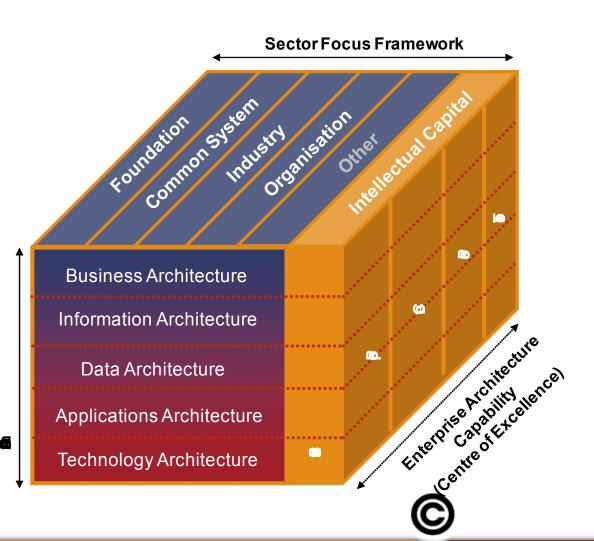
Users

Outsourced partners





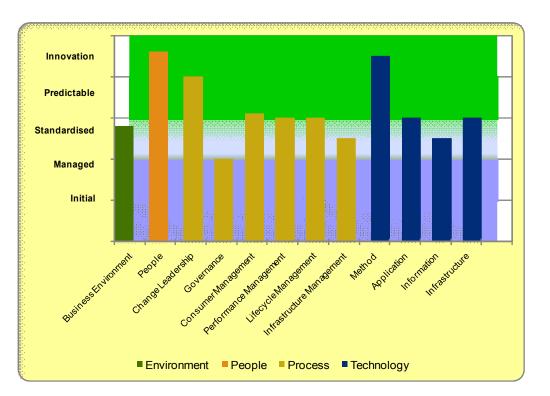
- Standardise the definition of architecture in the organisation
- Agree the architecture domains
- Agree where does
  architecture stop and
  where does design
  begin



# **Architecture Maturity Assessment**



- Perform an architecture maturity assessment
- □ Assess maturity in terms of:
  - ✓ Current architecture maturity
  - Required architecture maturity in the short term (e.g. one year)
  - Ultimate required architecture maturity
- Refer to public domain architecture maturity models





### **Use the ADM to define Architecture Capability**



Go through each phase with the requirement to establish an Architecture Capability based on TOGAF.



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### **Business Architecture**



- □ Architecture principles that will define the architecture business rules
- Roles and responsibilities of the Architecture Function, including governance structures
- □ Architecture process, including the governance processes
- Architecture information requirements i.e. the architecture classification framework that will be used
- Architecture performance metrics
- Architecture products and services



# **Architecture Principles**



Develop principles that guide and direct the Architecture Function, for example:

□How would architecture be governed?

□What are the rules for architecture repositories?

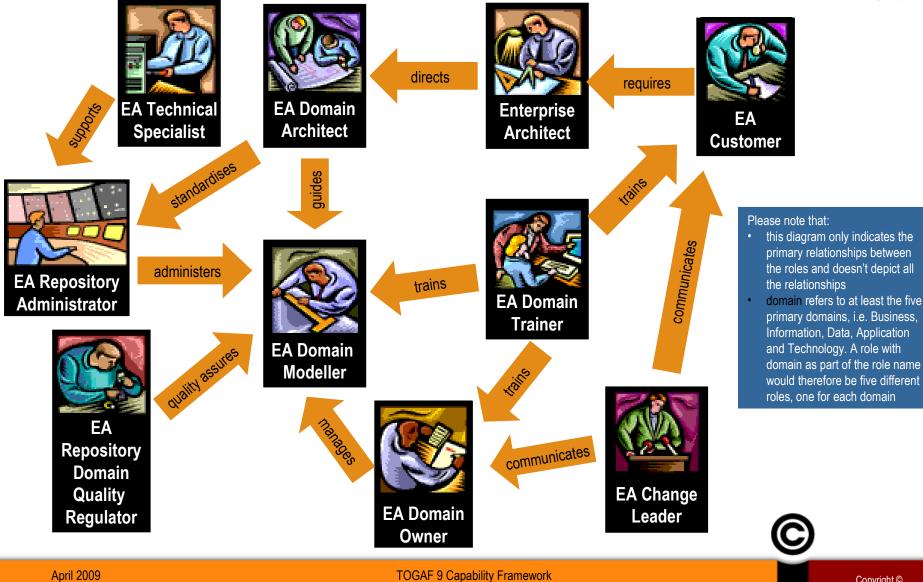
□How would architects be employed?

□Etc.



### **Architecture Roles**





# **Architecture Skills Framework**



### Category

**Generic Skills** 

Business Skills and Methods

Enterprise Architecture Skills

Program or Project Management Skills

IT General Knowledge Skills

**Technical IT Skills** 

Legal Environment

### Examples

Leadership, team working, inter-personal skills

Business cases, business process, strategic planning

Modelling, building block design, applications and role design, systems integration

Managing business change, project management methods and tools

Brokering applications, asset management, migration planning, SLAs

Software engineering, security, data interchange, data management

Data protection laws, contract law, procurement law, fraud



**TOGAF 9 Capability Framework** 

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Level	Achievement	Description
1	Background	Not a required skill though should be able to define and manage skill if required.
2	Awareness	Understands the background, issues and implications sufficiently to be able to understand how to proceed further and advise client accordingly.
3	Knowledge	Detailed knowledge of the subject area and capable of providing professional advice and guidance. Ability to integrate capability into architecture design.
4	Expert	Extensive and substantial practical experience and applied knowledge on the subject.



### **Architecture Skills Matrix**

_ <del>`````````````````</del>	

Technical	Architecture Board Member	Architecture Sponsor	IT Architecture Manager	IT Architecture Technology	IT Architecture Data	IT Architecture Application	IT Architecture Business	Program or Project Manager	IT Designer
Technical IT Skills									
Software Engineering	1	1	3	3	4	4	3	2	3
Security	1	1	3	4	3	4	3	2	3
Systems & Network Managment	1	1	3	4	3	3	3	2	3
Transaction Processing	1	1	3	4	3	4	3	2	3
Location & Directory	1	1	3	4	4	3	3	2	3
User Interface	1	1	3	4	4	4	3	2	3
International Operations	1	1	3	4	3	3	2	2	2
Data Interchange	1	1	3	4	4	3	2	2	3
Data Management	1	1	3	4	4	3	2	2	3
Graphics and Image	1	1	3	4	3	3	2	2	3
Operating Systems Services	1	1	3	4	3	3	2	2	3
Network Services	1	1	3	4	3	3	2	2	3
Communications Infrastructure	1	1	3	4	3	3	2	2	3

#### 

#### Legal Environment IT п Architect

	Member	oponisoi	Manager	Technology	Data	Application	Business	Manager	Dosigna
Legal Environment									
Contract Law	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	1
Data Protection Laws	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	2	2
Procurement Law	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	1
Fraud	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1
Commercial Law	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	1

IT

π

Acobitor

п

Program

IT



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# **Levels of Governance**

Hierarchy of governance structures:

- Corporate Governance
- Technology Governance
- □ Information Technology (IT) Governance
- Architecture Governance
- Domains of governance:
- Global
- Regional
- Local



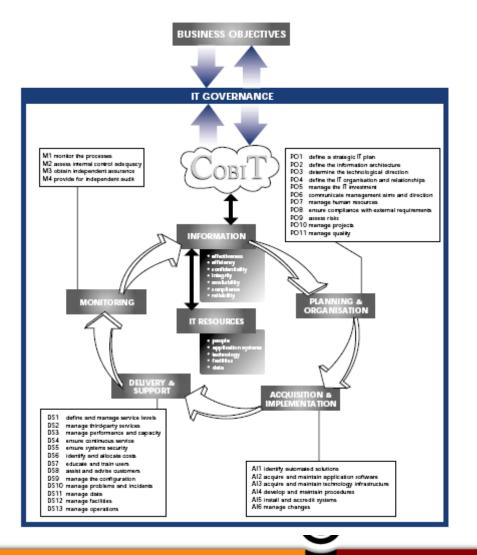


### **IT Governance**



IT Governance is a structure of relationships and processes to direct and control the enterprise in order to achieve the enterprise's goals by adding value while balancing risk versus return over IT and its processes.

CobiT is the industry standard IT governance framework.



TOGAF 9 Capability Framework

### **IT Governance**



### CobiT 4.1 recognises the role of Chief Architect

RACI Chart Fu	nctio		lusis	Clo Stecutive	Busin	Head Chocess Ou	Chief Chief	Head P	Head Is	Phio Administration	omplian.	and Security
Create and maintain corporate/enterprise information model.		C C		A	C C	~	R	C C	c		c	/
Create and maintain corporate data dictionary(ies).				1	C		A/R	R	-		C	
Establish and maintain a data classification scheme.	1	С	Α	С	С	1	С	С			R	
Provide data owners with procedures and tools for classifying information systems.	1	С	Α	С	С	1	С	С			R	
Utilise the information model, data dictionary and classification scheme to plan optimised business systems.	C	С	I	A	С		R	С			Ι	
A RACI chart identifies who is Responsible, Accountable, Consulted and/or Informed.			1									

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	Figure 8—Mapping of TOGAF 8.1 With COBIT 4.0	)								
	Part I—Introduction		Domain							
	1	PO	AI	DS	ME					
Chapter 1	Introduction	6								
Chapter 2	TOGAF as an Enterprise Architecture Framework	See o Over	hapter view	4, TOC	ЭАF					
	Part II—Architecture Development Method	PO	AI	DS	ME					
Chapter 3	Introduction to the ADM	<mark>17</mark>	5	1	1					
Chapter 4	Preliminary Phase—Framework and Principles	<mark>29</mark>	1	1	7					
Chapter 5	Phase A—Architecture Vision	<mark>60</mark>	10	1	14					
Chapter 6	Phase B—Business Architecture	<mark>47</mark>	35	5	5					
Chapter 7	Phase C—Information System Architectures	<mark>30</mark>	4		1					
Chapter 8	Phase C—Information System Architectures—Data Architecture	<mark>84</mark>	77	49	43					
Chapter 9	Phase C—Information System Architectures—Applications Architecture	<mark>44</mark>	55	10	1					
Chapter 10	Phase D—Technology Architecture	<mark>14</mark>								
Chapter 11	Phase E—Opportunities and Solutions	21	12		2					
Chapter 12	Phase F—Migration Planning	<mark>17</mark>	11							
Chapter 13	Phase G—Implementation Governance	<mark>14</mark>	8		4					
Chapter 14	Phase H—Architecture Change Management	<mark>13</mark>	11		3					
Chapter 15	ADM Architecture Requirements Management	2	<mark>12</mark>		1					

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# **Architecture Governance Framework**



### Phase G of TOGAF Architecture Development Method concerns Implementation Governance

- > Management and control of development and evolution of enterprise architectures
- > Only one aspect of architecture governance
- Generic framework that can adapt to existing governance
- Identify effective processes and organisational structures, so that the business responsibilities can be elucidated, communicated, and managed

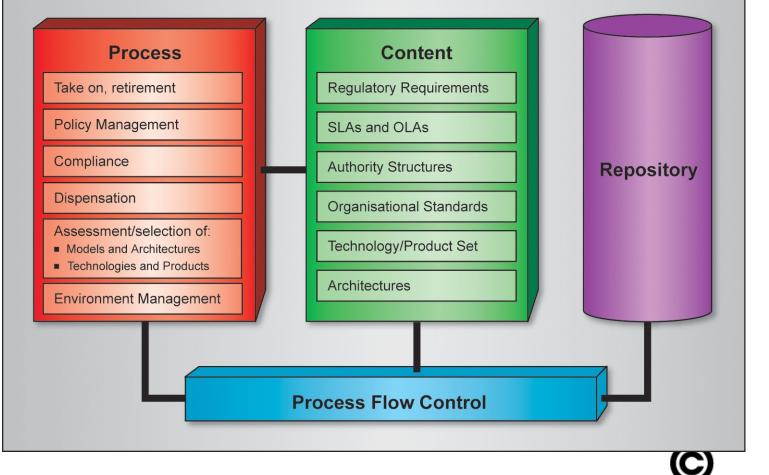


### **Architecture Governance Framework**



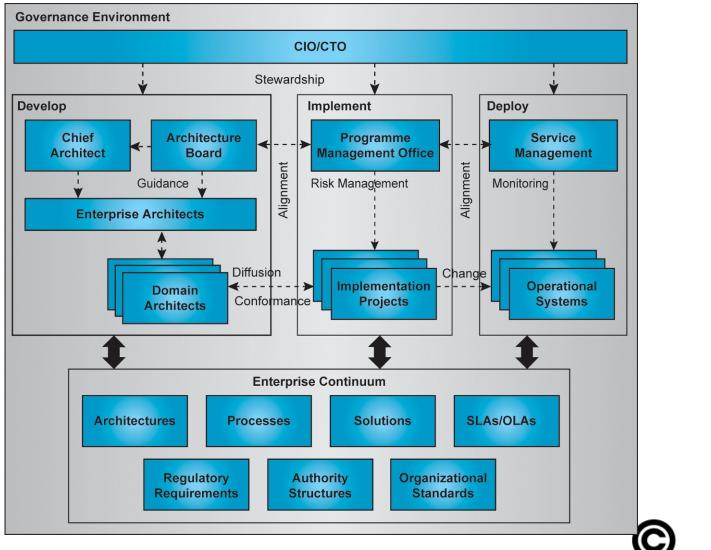
### Context

Drivers (industry, regulatory, political, legislative, legal) Organisational form



### **Organisational Structure**





Architecture Board oversees strategy implementation.

Board comprises:

- Representative key stakeholders
- Executives responsible for review and maintenance of architecture
- Combination of
  - Local (domain experts, line responsibility)
  - Global (organisation-wide responsibility)
- Established with identifiable and articulated:
  - Responsibilities and decision-making capabilities
  - Remit and authority limits

April 2009





### **Architecture Process**

Customise ADM to integrate with:

- Programme / portfolio / project management processes
- Product development lifecycle
- System development lifecycle
- Corporate and IT governance processes and structures
- Change management processes

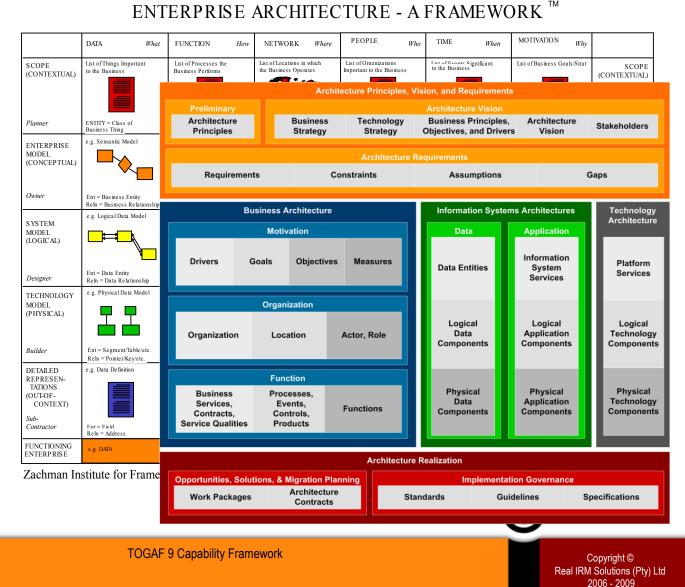


### **Architecture Framework**



Develop an Architecture Framework mapped to the architecture deliverables.

E.g. What models/elements would constitute the Business Architecture?

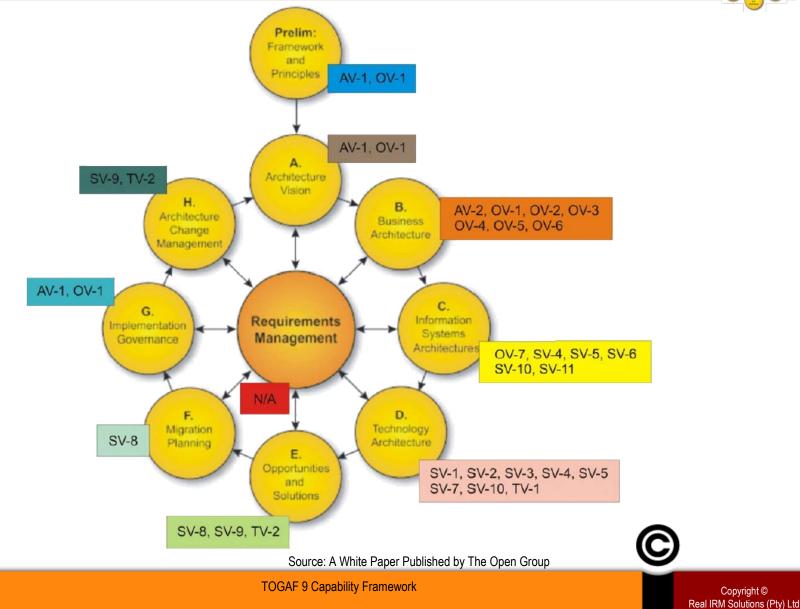


### **TOGAF** and **DODAF**



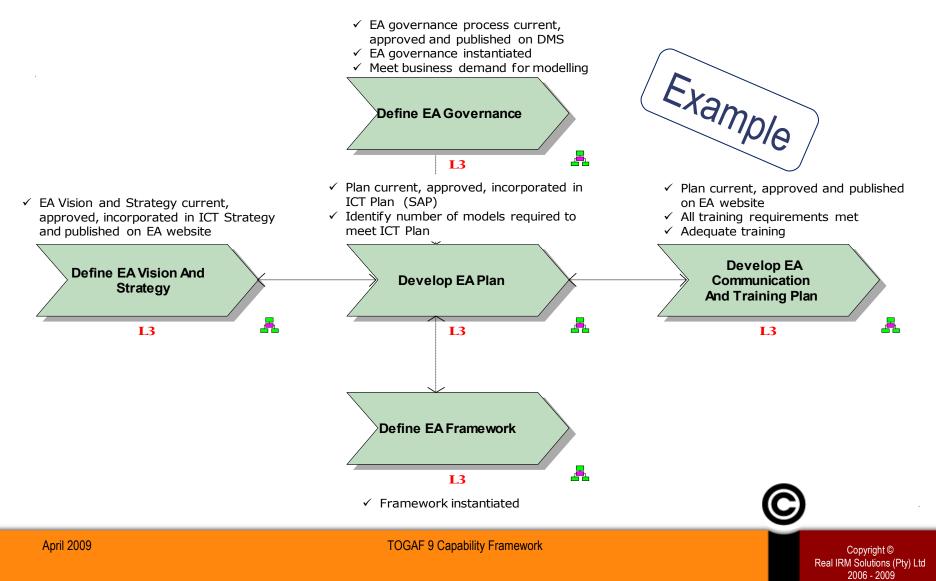
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### **Architecture Performance Metrics**





### **Use the ADM to define Architecture Capability**



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# **Applications Architecture**

- □ What functionality is required to enable the architecture process?
- What functionality is required to populate architecture models?
- □ What functionality is required to generate architecture views?
- □ How much of that can be automated?
- □ Which solutions are available to satisfy these requirements?
- □ What is the integration requirements between the various toolsets?
- How is this implemented?



#### **Data Architecture**



- What is the logical data requirement for architecture based on the architecture classification framework? This might result in a logical metamodel.
- □ What is the physical structure of the architecture repositories?
- What is the integration requirement to move architecture data between repositories?
- □ How is this implemented?





Go through each phase with the requirement to establish an Architecture Capability based on TOGAF.



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# **Technology Architecture**



- □ Where must architecture functionality and be delivered?
- □ What is the processing requirement?
- □ What is the infrastructure requirement?





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# **Opportunities & Solutions**



- Select the most appropriate architecture toolset
- □ Apply architecture principles in the selection
- Attempt to consolidate architecture artifacts into one architecture repository





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# **Migration Planning**



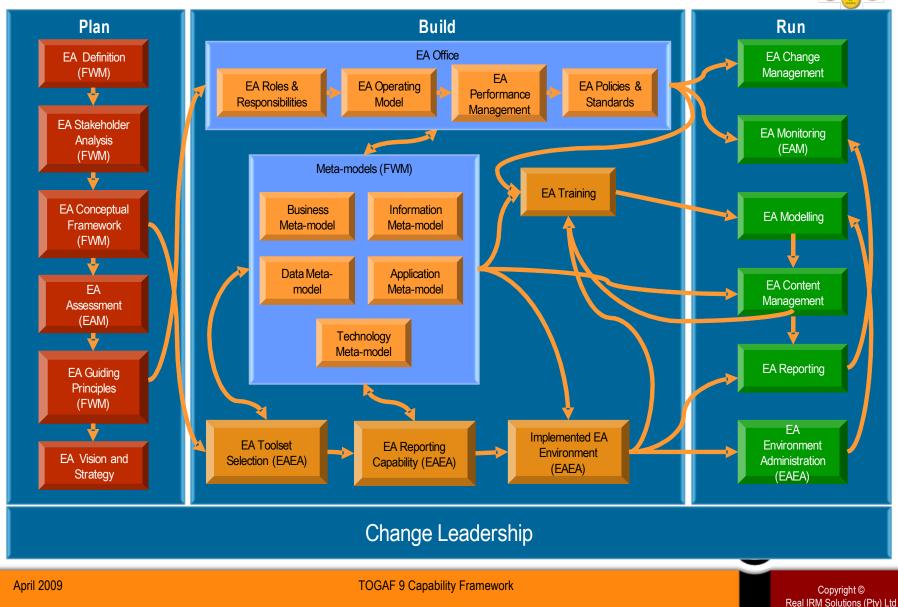
- □ Plan the implementation of the architecture toolsets and repositories
- □ Take the following into consideration:
  - Existing architecture repositories
  - Stakeholder priorities



#### **Real IRM Approach**



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Go through each phase with the requirement to establish an Architecture Capability based on TOGAF.



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#### **Implementation Governance**



- Confirm that the implementation is according to the agreed architecture
- □ This implementation is usually performed by the architects themselves





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TOGAF 9 Capability Framework

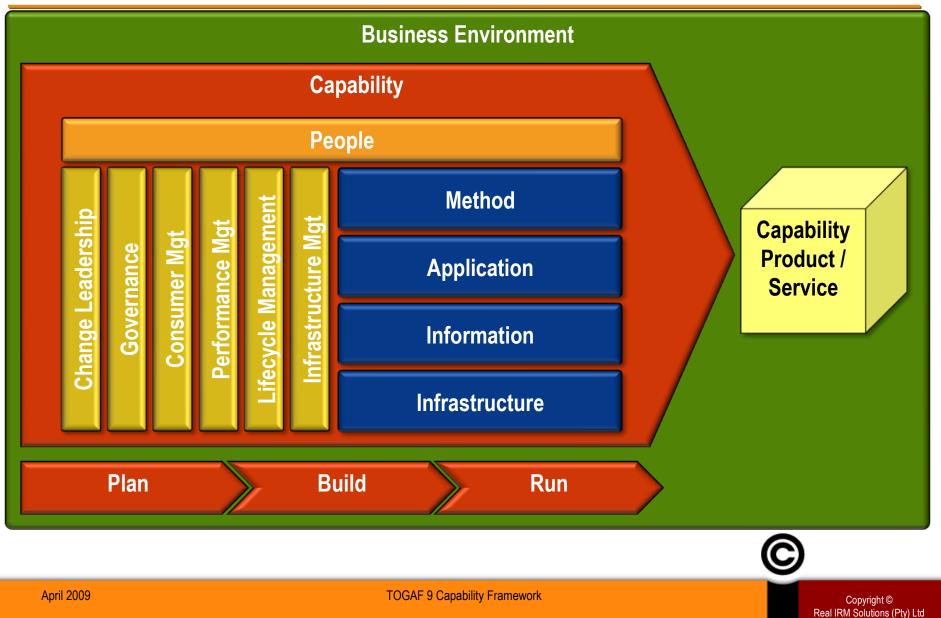
# Architecture Change Management



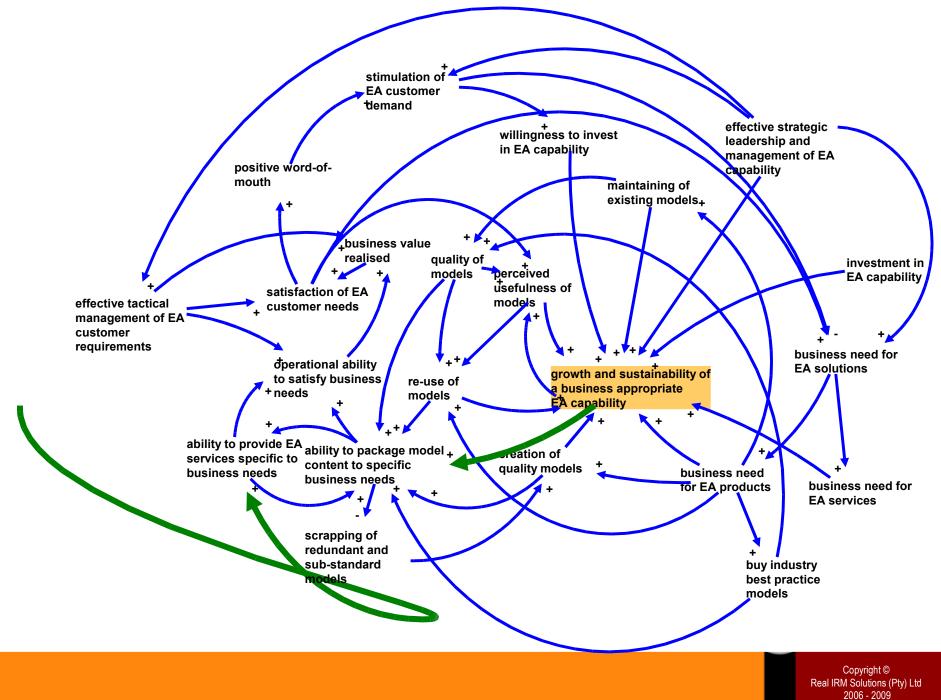
- Implement a change management process that will result in a controlled change environment for all the aspects of architecture, including:
  - Architecture Roles and Responsibilities
  - Architecture Processes
  - Architecture Framework
  - Architecture Meta-model
  - Architecture Toolsets
  - Architecture Repositories



### **Capability Framework**



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#### leading enterprise architecture value™

**Key Focus Areas** 

- Enterprise Architecture
- > Strategy
- ➢ Governance

