

Stepping-stones of enterprise-architecture Process and practice in the real enterprise

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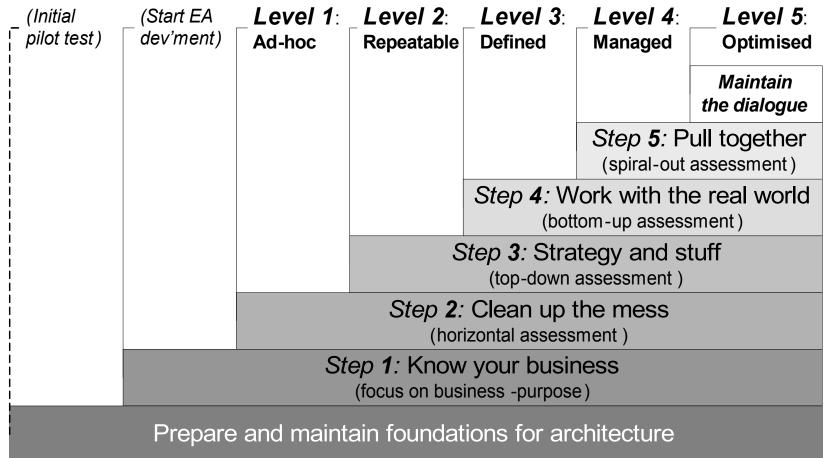
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Doing enterprise-architecture

What do we <u>do</u> when we're doing enterprise architecture?

- Enterprise architecture isn't a project
 - it's more like a way of life!
- Creating an architecture is a long-term process
 - conventional: 1-2 years to start to see business-value
- BUT in these times no-one will wait for value
 - so we need to do it differently from 'the book'
- How do we get results fast? Where do we start?

Use the TOGAF maturity-model

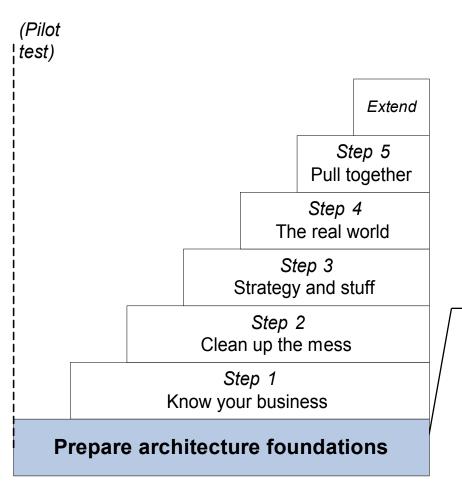


Stepping-stones of architecture

TOGAF's model has 5 levels, hence 7 'stones' Each stepping-stone builds on those before:

- Prepare (and maintain) the foundations
- Step 1: Build an overview of the business
- Step 2: Clean up the mess (and keep it clean)
- Step 3: Guide and manage strategic change
- Step 4: Ensure robust resilience, continuity
- Step 5: Service the business' deeper needs
- Maintain as an enterprise-wide shared capability

Prepare architecture foundations



- *Emphasis*: support for whole-enterprise scope
- Examples: business, IT-, manual- and machine-based processes, capabilities, customer, partner, supply-chain, shared enterprise

Purpose - strategy
People - governance
Planning - frameworks
Practice - methods
Performance - metrics

Purpose - strategy

- Enterprise architecture acts as custodian for a body of knowledge on structure and purpose:
 - "what structure changes do we need for this strategy?"
 - "what strategy can we support with this structure?"
 - "what risks, opportunities does this strategy create?"
- Provides bridge between strategy and PMO etc

-- BUT NOTE --

- IT is only one small part of the enterprise
 - "typically 2% to 3% of business cost" (Paul Coby, CIO of BA)
- A real EA must have whole-of-enterprise scope
 - it's essential in long-term so best to start there!

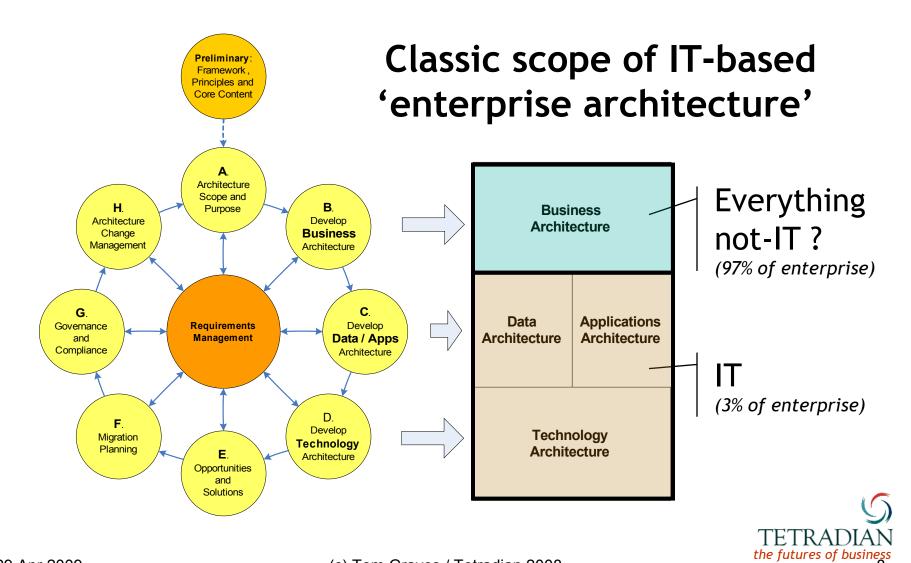
Whole-of-enterprise architecture

Each EA generation has had to extend the scope:

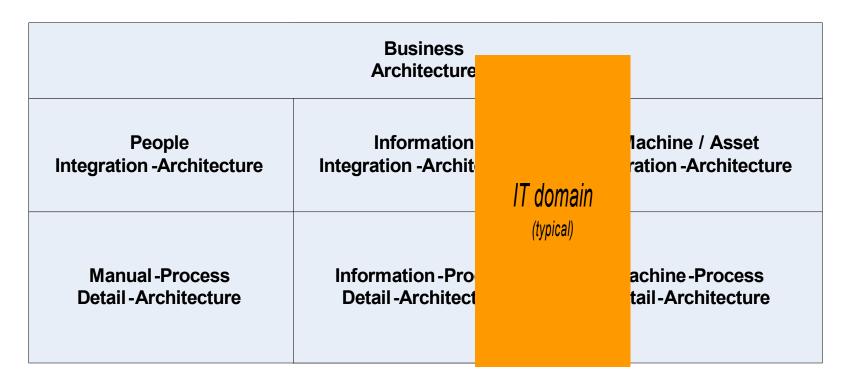
- 'Classic' EA starts with IT infrastructure
- IT tech-architecture depends on applications
- Applications-architecture depends on data
- Data-architecture depends on business-info need
- Information-architecture depends on business
- Business-architecture depends on enterprise
- Enterprise-architecture defines the context

An enterprise-architecture must have whole-ofenterprise scope - it's not just detail-level IT!

TOGAF and architecture scope



Scope of IT in enterprise context



Whole-of-enterprise scope

- three layers: Business, Integration (Common), Detail
- three columns: People, Information, Physical Assets

IT is only a small subset (not even all of Information)



People - governance

- Governance is well-described in TOGAF 9 spec
 - Architecture Charter, Architecture Governance etc
 - but EA-governance is <u>not</u> a subset of IT-governance!
 - organisationally, EA should be outside IT, not subordinate to it
- Skillsets well-described in Capability Framework
 - but will also need broad range of skills from beyond IT, to cover needs of much broader architecture scope
- Process-governance as per Agile, not Waterfall
 - multiple, simultaneous, recursive architecture-cycles
- Will need executive-level support from the start
 - will need that support to bridge across all silos etc

Planning - frameworks

- Frameworks define structure and meaning
- TOGAF provides 'Enterprise Continuum'
 - 'Architecture Continuum' and 'Solutions Continuum'
 - four layers: Foundation, Common-systems, Industry and Organisation-specific
- Reference-frameworks define 'bindedness'
 - mandatory, recommended, suggested etc
- All items ultimately anchor to base-framework
 - layers of 'composites' resolve to explicit 'primitives'
- Zachman as an archetypal base-framework

Base-framework columns

Columns need restructure to support whole-EA

(original)	What	How	Where	Who	When	Why	
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(revised)	Asset	Function	Location	Capability	Event	Reason
(example segment)	Object Information Relationship Value	Mechanical IT-based Manual Abstract	Physical Virtual Relational Temporal	Rules Analysis Heuristic Principle	Physical Virtual Relational Temporal	Rules Analysis Heuristic Principle

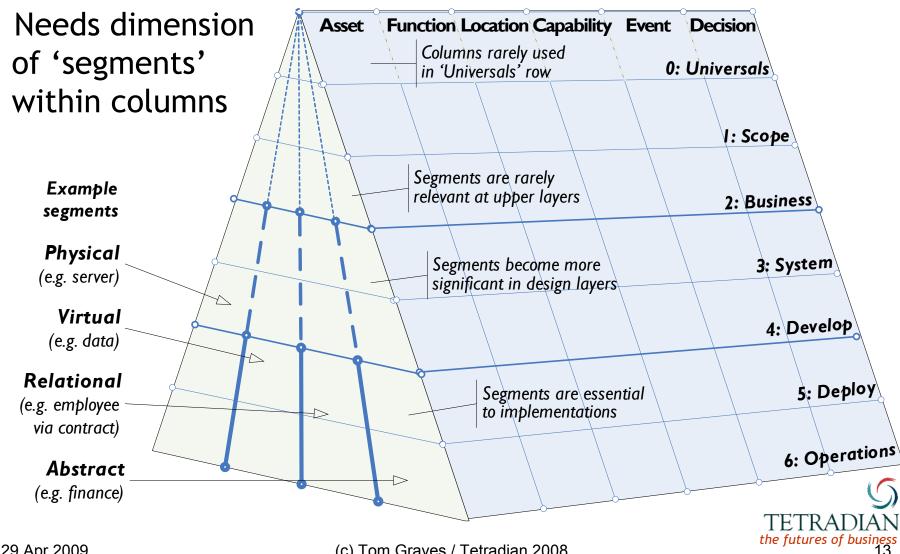
At Operations level, we should be able to describe every service as:

with	do	at	using	on	because
<asset></asset>	<function></function>	<location></location>	<capability></capability>	<event></event>	<reason></reason>

-- this is an 'architecturally complete' pattern or composite



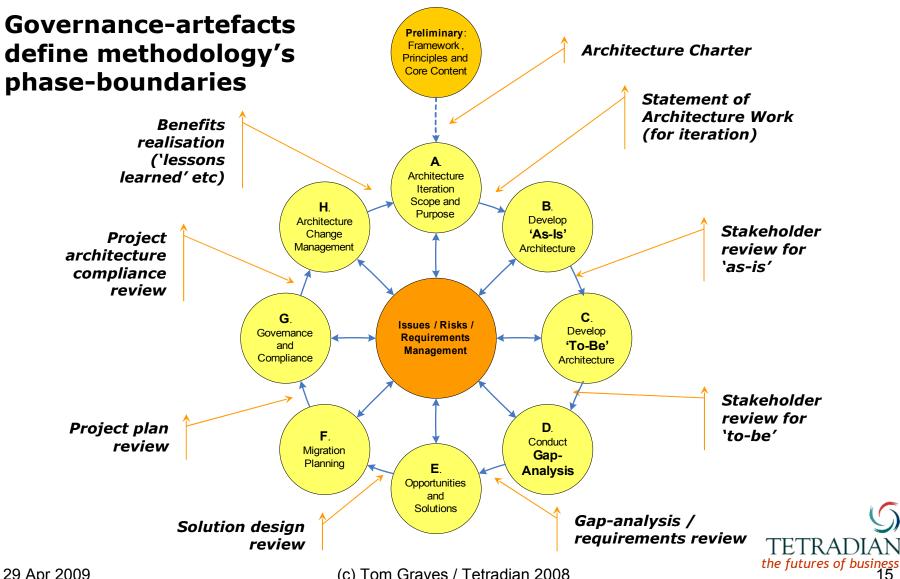
Base-framework segments



Practice - methods

- TOGAF ADM as the obvious choice for method
 - long-proven in IT-architecture
 - ADM is designed for adaptation and extension
- Must use ADM in Agile style for rapid ROI
 - business will not wait 2+ years before any returns!
- TOGAF 9 has better support for iterations
 - but may not be usable out-of-the-box for Agile
- Amend fixed IT-centric scope of TOGAF 9
 - ADM for whole-enterprise: Phase A=iteration scope, Phase B='as-is', Phase C='to-be', Phase D=gap-analysis

Methods - governance for Agile EA



Performance - metrics and products

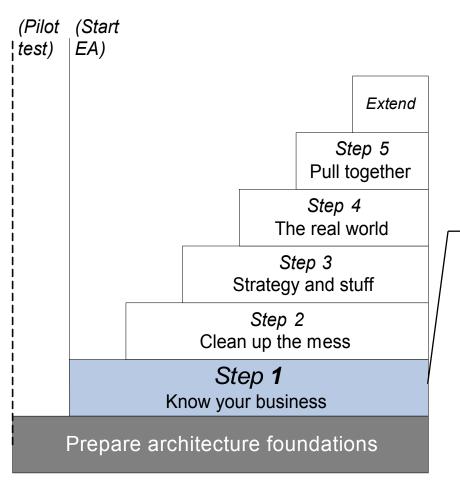
- Need processes to measure benefits-realisation
 - need to <u>prove</u> the value of enterprise architecture
 - link every iteration to explicit business value

Artefacts from architecture work include:

- Models, metamodels and reference-models
- · Change-roadmaps and portfolio 'blueprints'
- Requirements-repository
- Risks, opportunities and issues registers
- Architecture-dispensations register
- Glossary and thesaurus



Step 1: Know your business



- Emphasis: 'big-picture'
- Examples: whole-ofenterprise overview, endto-end and top-to-bottom integration

1A: Vision, values, principles and purpose

1B: The enterprise context

1C: Functions and services

1D: Architecture

governance



Step 1: Know your business

• 1A: Vision, values, principles

- Vision, role, mission, goal
- Values, principles, business purpose

1B: The enterprise context

- Compliance, constraints, standards, expectations
- Assets, locations, events

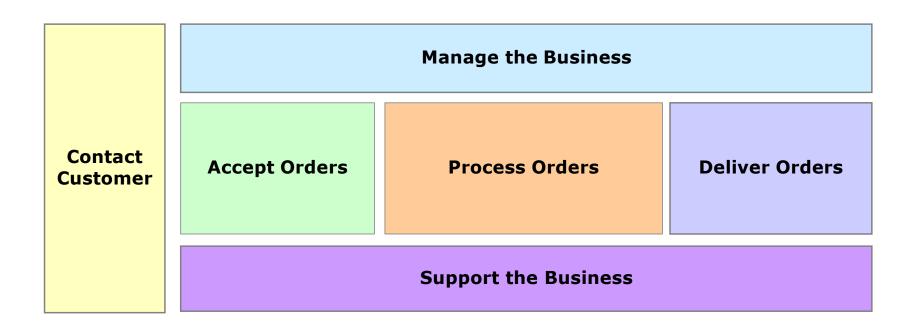
1C: Functions and services

- Services; functions; capabilities; the Function Model

1D: Architecture governance

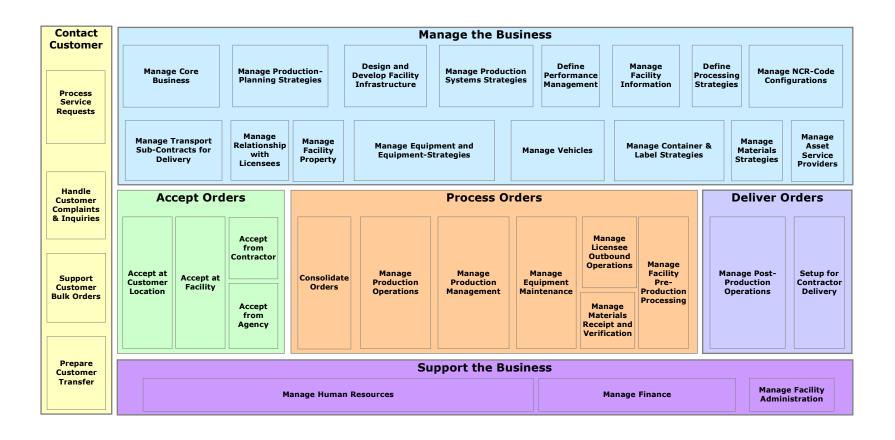
- Creating architecture capability; creating engagement

Function-model: tier-1 example



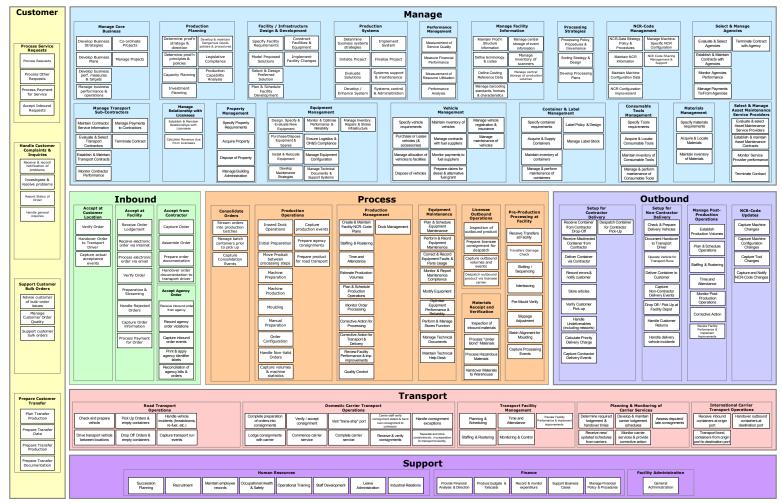


Function-model: tier-2 example



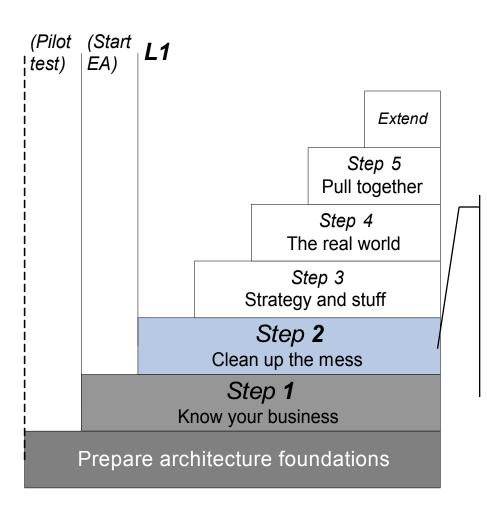


Function-model: tier-3 example





Step 2: Clean up the mess



- Emphasis: 'horizontal'
- Examples: optimise systems, reduce redundancy

2A: Business-systems

and information-systems

2B: What do we have?

2C: Guiding the process

of change



Step 2: Clean up the mess

• 2A: Business / information-systems

- Business systems; identifying business-systems; modelling individual business-systems
- Information systems and 'single source of truth';
 identifying single-source-of-truth

2B: What do we have?

- Assessment for rationalisation: iteration-scope; as-is; to-be; gap-analysis for requirements
- Implementation for rationalisation: solutions; projects; development and deployment; lessons-learned

• 2C: Guide the process of change

- Guiding compliance to architecture roadmap



2B: What do we have? [1]

Assessment phases (under architecture governance):

- Phase A: define scope for rationalisation
 - typically defined by boundaries of Business System etc
- Phase B: inventory the existing items in scope
 - develop an 'as-is' inventory of the respective items
- Phase C: identify the required rationalisation
 - develop a 'to-be' inventory of the respective items
- Phase D: establish gaps, change-requirements
 - identify requirements, risks and responsibilities

Note difference to TOGAF here - not centred on IT

2B: What do we have? [2]

Implementation phases (under programme governance):

- Phase E: outline required rationalisation action
 - guide handover of requirements to solution-architects
- Phase F: assist detailed rationalisation-design
 - provide architectural guidance during detailed-design
- Phase G: assist rationalisation implementation
 - provide architectural guidance during gateway review
- Phase H: do rationalisation 'lessons-learned'
 - benefits-realisation and lessons-learned

These phases remain similar to those in TOGAF 9

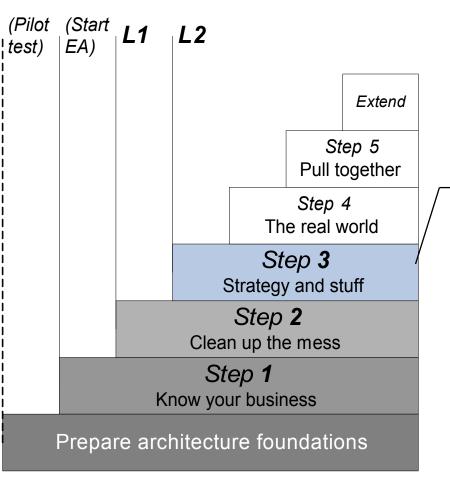
2C: Guide the process of change

Guiding compliance to architecture roadmap:

- Assist in defining requirements for change
 - (equivalent to Phases A-D)
- Assist in solution-architecture
 - (equivalent to Phase E)
- Assist in detailed project-design
 - (equivalent to Phase F)
- Review and advise in project implementation
 - (equivalent to Phase G)
- Review 'lessons-learned' from project
 - (equivalent to Phase H)



Step 3: Strategy and stuff



- Emphasis: top-down
- Examples: impact of strategy, change of regulation, service-design

3A: Expand out from IT

3B: This goes with that

3C: Abstract-services

3D: Compliance and quality



Step 3: Strategy and stuff

• 3A: Expand outward from IT

- The enterprise as whole - extending scope-awareness; including people and 'things' in the architecture

• 3B: This goes with that

- Strategy drives change; innovation invokes strategy

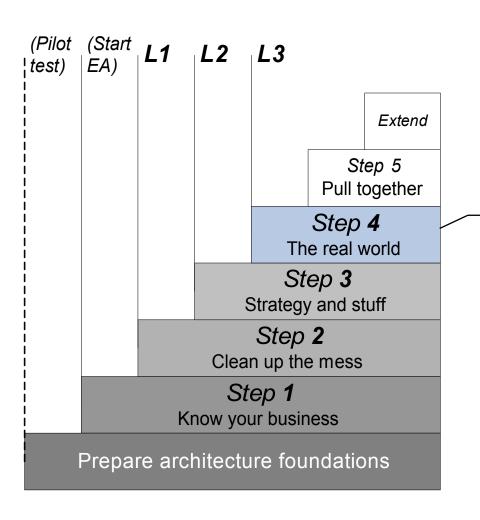
3C: Abstract-services

 Technologies and trade-offs; services in abstract; services for real

3D: Compliance and quality

- From value to quality; pervasive-services; develop awareness; develop capability; verify and audit

Step 4: Work with the real world



- Emphasis: bottom-up
- Examples: disasterrecovery, risk-assessment, run-time load-balancing

4A: Design for service flexibility

4B: Plan for business-

continuity

4C: From qualities to

values



Step 4: Work with the real world

4A: Design for service flexibility

- Design for escalation; the service of escalation
- Design for resilience; the services balancing-act

• 4B: Plan for business-continuity

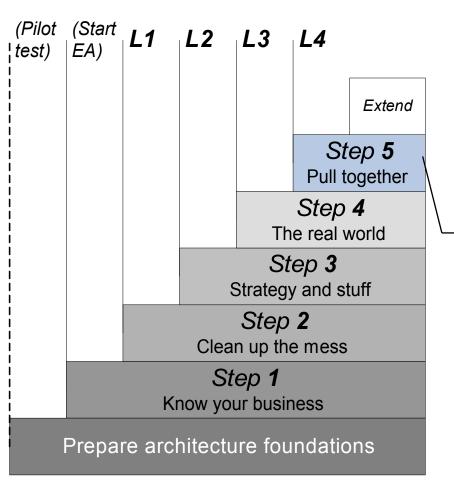
- The impact of disaster; impact from the bottom up;
 the impact dashboard
- Fail-safe and safe-fail; design for failure

4C: From qualities to values

- Quality in practice; connecting to quality



Step 5: Pull it all together



- Emphasis: 'spiral-out'
- Examples: data-quality, service-management planning, business 'painpoints'

5A: The service-oriented enterprise

5B: Dealing with 'wicked problems'

5C: Enhancing enterprise effectiveness



Step 5: Pull it all together

5A: Service-oriented enterprise

- Everything is a service; interdependencies of service
- Being of service; responsibility, capability as services

• 5B: Deal with 'wicked problems'

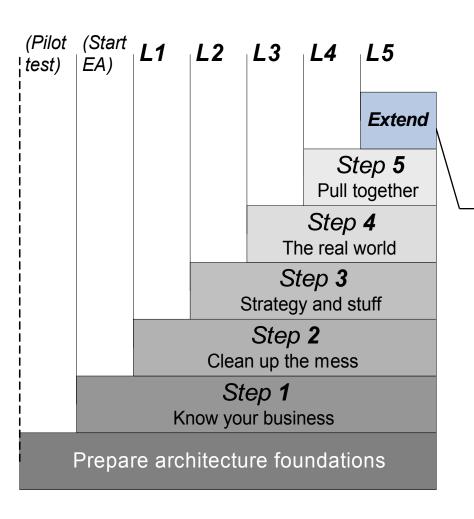
- Tame-problems and wicked-problems
 - technical complexity interacts with social complexity
- Identifying 'wickedness'; resolving wicked-problems

5C: Enhance effectiveness

- Enhancing effectiveness
 - keywords: efficient, reliable, elegant, appropriate, integrated
- Reviewing effectiveness, enhancing agility



Beyond level 5: What next?



- Emphasis: integration
- Examples: architecture as an enterprise-wide responsibility

XA: Hands-off architecture

XB: Architecture as

relevance



Beyond level 5: What next?

XA: Hands-off architecture

- Preparation for hands-off architecture
- Project-gateway notification and response
- Project-completion review

XB: Architecture as relevance

- Conferences
- Communities of practice
- Communication



Summary: Doing whole-enterprise EA

- Adapted TOGAF-ADM for whole-enterprise EA
 - restructure of Phases A-D to resolve IT-centrism
- Extended-Zachman as base-framework for EA
 - complete coverage of full whole-of-enterprise scope
- Agile-style model permits rapid return-on-effort
 - consistent for all architecture-iteration timescales
- TOGAF maturity-model as 'stepping-stones'
 - gives graded plan for whole-enterprise architecture
- Proven in real-world practice in and beyond IT
 - logistics, utilities, government, telco etc



Stepping-stones of enterprise architecture

Any questions?

(or answers, perhaps?)

Thank you!



Resources: "Tetradian Enterprise Architecture" series

Books on enterprise-architecture by Tom Graves:

- Real Enterprise Architecture: beyond IT to the whole enterprise
- Bridging the Silos: enterprise architecture for ITarchitects
- SEMPER and SCORE: enhancing enterprise effectiveness
- Power and Response-ability: the human side of systems
- The Service Oriented Enterprise: enterprise architecture and viable systems
- Doing Enterprise Architecture: process and practice in the real enterprise
 - See tetradianbooks.com for more details.

