Standards, Implementation & OASIS

The Open Group Standards & Certification Conference San Diego 2004

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Standards, Implementation & OASIS



- What's OASIS?
- What's a standard?
- Why standards matter
- What standards should be
- How testing & certification fit in



- OASIS is a member-led, international nonprofit standards consortium concentrating on structured information and global e-business standards
- Members of OASIS are
 - Vendors, users, academics and governments
 - Organizations, individuals and industry groups
- Best known for e-business standards
 - ebXML
- WS-Security
- SPML

- UDDI
- WSRP

XACML

- SAML
- WSRM

UBL



Coordination in e-business: >60 standards projects at OASIS

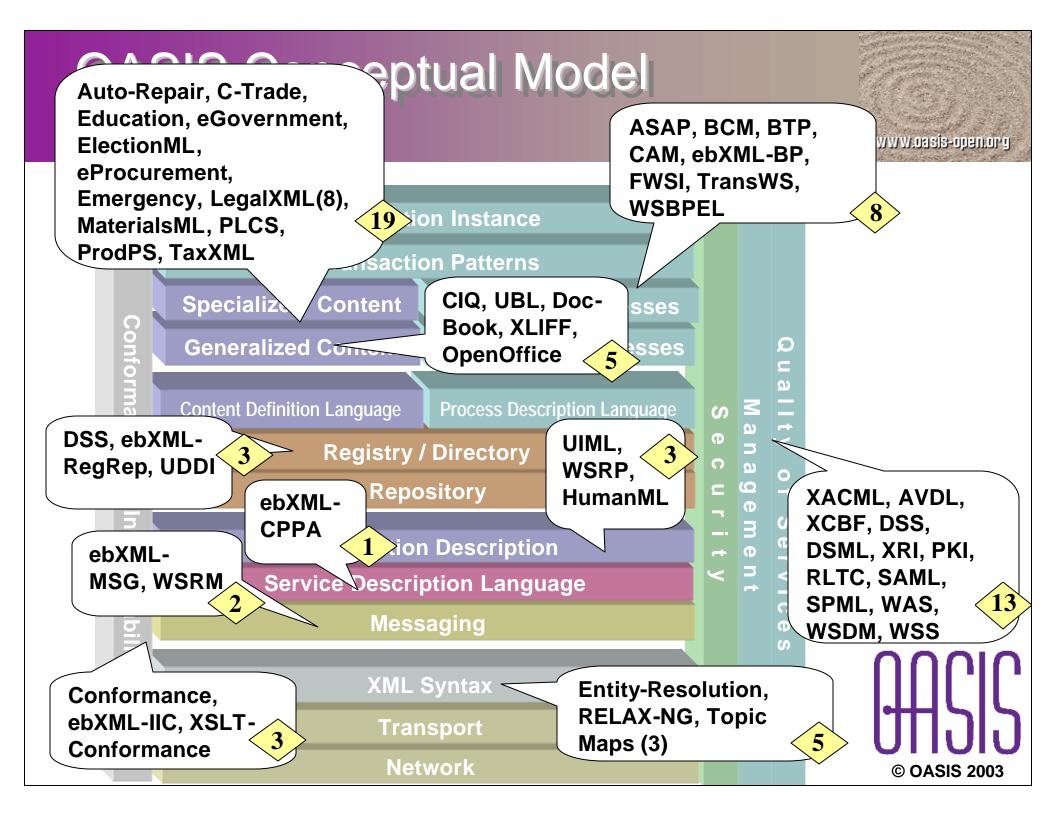


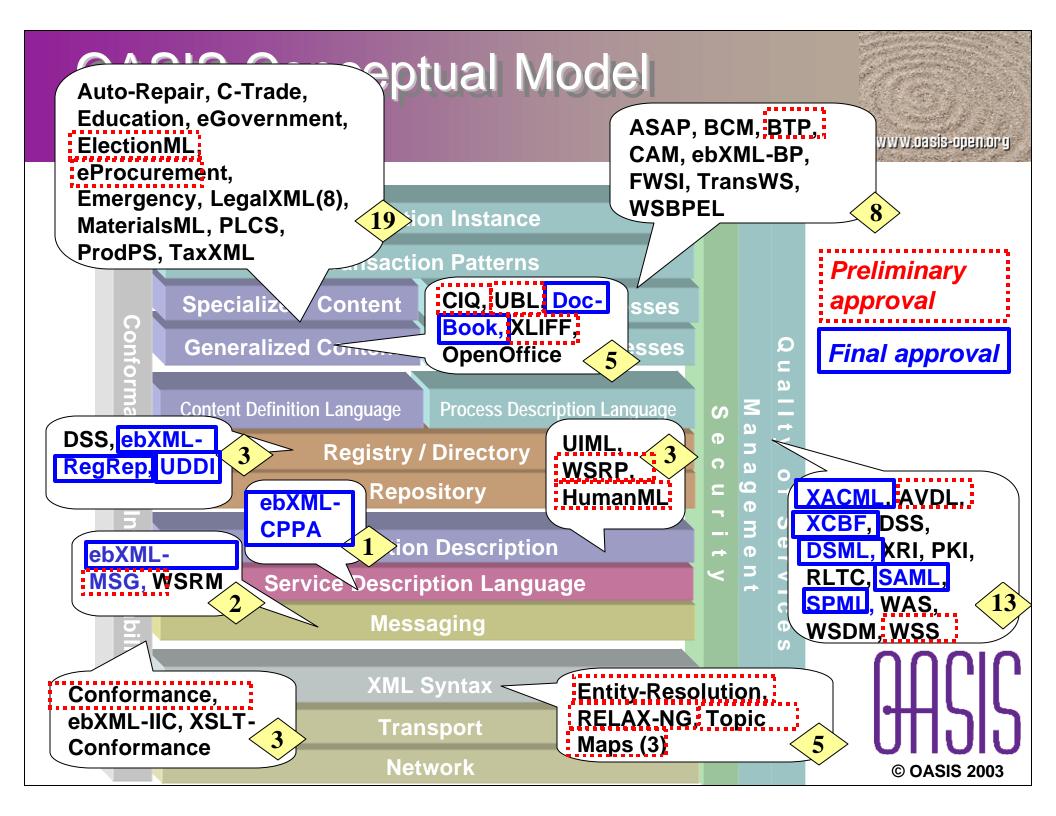
Transaction Instance Transaction Patterns Specialized Content Specialized Processes Generalized Content Generalized Processes Content Definition Language Process Description Language Registry / Directory Repository **Presentation Description Service Description Language** Messaging **XML Syntax Transport** Network

E.g.,

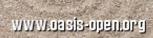
- Web services
- Security
- Transactions/
- supply chain
- Vertical
 - industry data
 - Public sector
 - applications
 - Messaging







What's a standard?



- Anything on which two vendors agree?
 - Not from our point of view
- The eye in the hurricane of competition
- Real standards are distinguishable:
 - Known rules
 - Fair environment
 - Transparent operations
 - Transparent output



Standards affect the cost of e-commerce



- Normalizing processes, data and users costs time and money
- ROI: operational savings can balance the cost if stable and persistent
- But instability can thwart that recovery:
 - Underspecification
 - Overversioning
 - Competitive "embrace and extend"
 - Baroque use conditions
 - Withdrawal, obsolescence, disappearance
- How do you mitigate these risks?



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Risks to ROI

- Under-scoped
- Underspecification
- Obsolescence or overversioning
- Unstable source
- Withdrawal
- Competitive "embrace and extend"
- Baroque use conditions



UNRELIABLE

UNAVAILABLE

- Declared use cases
- Known, clear rules
- Stable, reputable, neutral source
- Testable conformance
- Certification
- User-centric IPR requirements



Mitigating: suitability



Risks to ROI

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Is the standard suitable?



(Briefly)

- Are the right use cases declared?
 - Mind your requirements
 - Standards carry business rule content
- Stable, reputable, neutral source
 - Are the rules known, clear, enforced?
 - Who controls the standards process? Who owns it? Who participates?
 - Emerging government standards for standards?
 - Degree of coordination, liaison, re-use?
 (We will return to source issues later)



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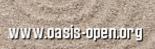
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Mitigating: availability



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WRELIABLE



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Is the standard available?



- User-centric IPR requirements
 - Industry vertical & end-user participation
 - At the requirements phase rather than output
 - Not really today's topic
- Certification
 - See "reliability" (next)



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Mitigating: reliability



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Is the standard reliable? Level playing field



- Clear, known, enforced process? Who runs it?
- Emerging government standards for standards?
- Degree of coordination, liaison, re-use?

Look at the participants and process: track record for quality and fairness?

- How evenhanded are the rules of the host organization? Are they enforced? What is its reputation?
- How productive has it been?
- Professors Shapiro and Varian: not all standards participation is motivated by the common good. Some positions may be designed to divert, delay or modify standards, in order to protect products or marketplaces.

(Shapiro and Varian, INFORMATION RULES, Harvard Business School Press, 1999, at 228-229, 236.)



Is the standard reliable? Level playing field



- Who controls the standards process?
- Emerging government standards for standards?
- Degree of coordination, liaison, re-use?
 - WTO Technical Barriers to Trade Agreement, Annex 3: http://www.wto.org/english/ docs_e/legal_e/final_e.htm.
 - National government criteria, such as in the U.S.: http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars/a119/ a119.html.



Is the standard reliable? Level playing field



- Who controls the standards process?
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Coordination of standards at OASIS

- Explicit dependencies across standards
- Elements from OASIS standards are submitted to other primary SDOs, e.g., IETF, ISO, etc.
- OASIS participates in many other standards and industry coordination efforts, e.g.,
 - ISO/IEC/ITU global coordination MoU
 - RosettaNet, OMA, W3C, etc.
 - AIAG, WS-I, GGF, etc.



Chords: Implementations usually combine functions



Orchestration & Management

Data Content

Security & Access

Service Description

Messaging

Service Discovery

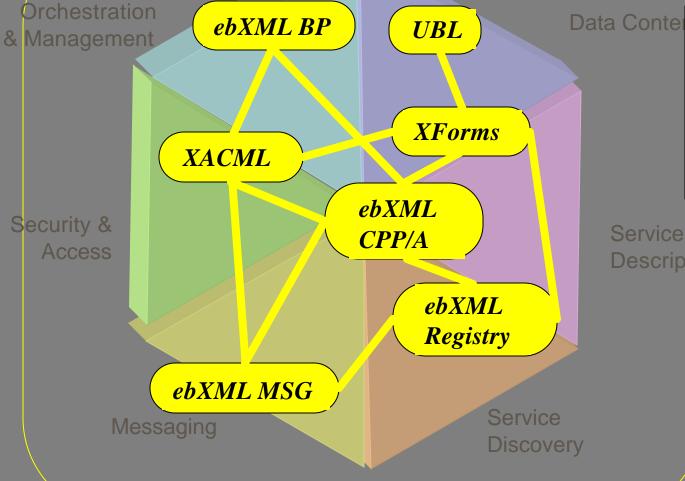
Common language (XML)

Common transport (HTTP, etc.)



Bet you can't eat just one: crossdependencies

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Example:
The OASIS
Disease Control
Interoperability
Demo at
XML 2003

Dependencies should be:

- Planned
- Explicit
- Modular
- Openminded



Is the standard reliable? Conformance & testing



- Level playing field
- Testable conformance
- Certification

It's not over until the conformance clause sings

- Mission-critical conformance clauses
- Testable assertions
- OASIS Conformance TC reports
 http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/ioc
- Explicit clauses in many OASIS standards
 - ebXML (x4)
- SAML
- WSRP
- XSLT-c
- Etc.



Is the standard reliable? Conformance & testing



- Level playing field
- Testable conformance
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It's not over until the conformance clause sings ... but sometimes it's not on stage

- Questions around profiles and subsets
 - Looser application of use cases?
 - Looser process and controls?
- Interoperability vs. conformance
 - Being "interoperably nonconformant"
 - Dial tone, yes, but not standardization
 - Uncertainty about plug-and-play



Is the standard reliable? Conformance & testing



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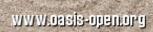
Maintaining the neutrality, control and market utility of testing

What should standards organizations do?

- Do it yourself? (we aren't)
- Offer software tools? (we aren't)
- Offer self-tests? (we may)
- Badging & branding? (we may)
- The value proposition for testing



Certification strategies depend on the user base



- What's the Marketecture: Do hubs, vendors or end-users lead this use?
 - Who gets the ROI?
 - Is return predicated on a closed or open network?
- How entrenched is the software base?
 - Are end-users choosing software yet?
 - Are we designing an optimal method, or trying to work with what we have?
- How close are the trading partners?
 - How intimate does the system get with my processes and business data?
 - Who owns the data?



Let's talk.

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